### 103D CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1677

To provide grants to States and local entities to integrate education, medical, and social and human services to at-risk children.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 2, 1993

Mr. Johnston of Florida (for himself, Mr. Gibbons, Mr. Peterson of Florida, Mr. Bacchus of Florida, Mrs. Thurman, Mr. Peterson of Minnesota, Mr. Romero-Barceló, Mr. Hughes, Mr. Hastings, Mr. Moran, and Mrs. Collins of Michigan) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

## A BILL

To provide grants to States and local entities to integrate education, medical, and social and human services to at-risk children.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Full-Service Schools
- 5 Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 7 (a) CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.—The Congress finds
- 8 that—

1	(1) one in five children entering school in 1993
2	lives in poverty;
3	(2) students from poor families are three times
4	more likely to drop out of school than students from
5	more advantaged homes;
6	(3) nearly 40 percent of the females who drop
7	out of school do so as a result of pregnancy;
8	(4) in the past two decades, the percentage of
9	women with children under the age of six who are
10	working or seeking employment outside the home
11	has nearly doubled;
12	(5) more than 8 million children in this country
13	have no form of health insurance which may lead to
14	untreated conditions, unnecessary diseases and
15	death;
16	(6) more than 70 percent of the children who
17	need psychiatric treatment do not receive services;
18	(7) children who are victims of child abuse, pov-
19	erty, malnutrition, lack of health care, alcohol and
20	drug abuse are at risk for failure;
21	(8) without health and social intervention, at-
22	risk children are often unable to improve academic
23	performance; and
24	(9) to obtain improvements in the educational

system, an integrated system which includes com-

- prehensive health and human services for at-risk children and their families is necessary.
  - (b) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this Act—

- (1) to integrate service delivery systems to provide comprehensive public education, training, health and human services to at-risk children at locations accessible to and utilized by such children and their families:
- 9 (2) to achieve systemic reform at the Federal, 10 State, and local levels and to restructure service de-11 livery at the local level; and
- 12 (3) to improve the educational performance of at-risk children.
- 14 SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF FEDERAL INTERAGENCY
  15 WORK GROUP.
- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is established the Federal
- 17 Interagency Work Group composed of the Secretaries of
- 18 Education, Health and Human Services, and Labor and
- 19 funded equally by the departments of the representative
- 20 Secretaries to facilitate collaboration between agencies and
- 21 to mobilize Federal policy to achieve systemic reform to
- 22 meet the comprehensive needs of at-risk children and to
- 23 provide grants to the States and local entities to develop
- 24 similar programs at the State and local levels.
- 25 (b) DUTIES.—The Group shall—

- (1) assist Federal, State, and local agencies in
   developing, implementing, and evaluating service integration programs under this Act;
  - (2) to the greatest extent possible, coordinate agency resources and funding allowing for the consolidation of Federal categorical programs, when requests for such waivers are made;
  - (3) establish and maintain a national data base that includes the collaborative efforts of the Government, the States, local entities, and private entities to serve at-risk children;
  - (4) make grants to the States to develop an interagency work group and fund local efforts to integrate services for at-risk youth and their families;
  - (5) determine the amounts of each grant by considering how many local project sites the State interagency group can reasonably target with not more than \$200,000 allocated to a site; and
  - (6) waive certain Federal requirements that impede collaborative efforts if such waivers will result in a more efficient use of resources.
- 22 (c) FISCAL AGENT.—The Secretary of Education 23 shall act as the fiscal agent for the Group.

## 1 SEC. 4. STATE ELIGIBILITY.

2	To be eligible to receive a grant under this Act, a
3	State shall—
4	(1) establish a State interagency work group
5	between, at a minimum, the departments at the
6	State level that provide public education and health
7	and human services;
8	(2) develop preservice and inservice training
9	that assists staff members to understand the com-
10	munities in which they work and the full array of re-
11	sources that are available to help at-risk children
12	and their families;
13	(3) require equal financial or in-kind contribu-
14	tions by the departments referred to in paragraph
15	(1);
16	(4) state as a goal the integration of existing
17	funding sources from the departments represented;
18	(5) designate a fiscal agent to be responsible for
19	the receipt and disbursement of Federal funds;
20	(6) provide assurances that successful programs
21	will be used as models and that information regard-
22	ing program successes are disseminated throughout
23	the State; and
24	(7) assist local entities in developing inter-

agency agreements at the local level.

## 1 SEC. 5. LOCAL ELIGIBILITY.

2	To be eligible to receive a grant under this Act, a
3	local entity shall—
4	(1) develop a community planning process that
5	includes—
6	(A) parents and family members;
7	(B) local school officials;
8	(C) officials from institutions of higher
9	education if such institutions are located in the
10	local area;
11	(D) public and private nonprofit organiza-
12	tions that provide health care, education, em-
13	ployment training services, child protective serv-
14	ices or other human services; and
15	(E) teachers selected by a local teacher as-
16	sociation;
17	(2) develop mandatory services as recommended
18	by the planning group under paragraph (1);
19	(3) if located in a city with a population of
20	100,000 or more individuals—
21	(A) establish a local interagency work
22	group between a local educational agency eligi-
23	ble for funds for chapter 1 of title I of the Ele-
24	mentary and Secondary Education Act of 1965
25	and, at a minimum, 1 nonprofit community-
26	based organization which has provided social

1	services to low-income, at-risk youth and their
2	families; and
3	(B) include parents in the operation and
4	governance of the local interagency work group;
5	(4) require equal financial or in-kind contribu-
6	tions of the local educational agency and entities
7	represented;
8	(5) give an assurance that such entity shall
9	make a reasonable effort to initiate structural re-
10	form; and
11	(6) designate a fiscal agent to receive funds
12	from the State under this Act.
13	SEC. 6. APPLICATIONS.
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14 15	(a) State Applications.—(1) A State that desires
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14 15 16 17	(a) STATE APPLICATIONS.—(1) A State that desires to receive a grant under this Act shall submit an application to the Federal Interagency Work Group in such form and containing such information as the Federal Interagency Work Group may reasonably require and which in-
14 15 16 17 18	(a) STATE APPLICATIONS.—(1) A State that desires to receive a grant under this Act shall submit an application to the Federal Interagency Work Group in such form and containing such information as the Federal Interagency Work Group may reasonably require and which includes—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) STATE APPLICATIONS.—(1) A State that desires to receive a grant under this Act shall submit an application to the Federal Interagency Work Group in such form and containing such information as the Federal Interagency Work Group may reasonably require and which includes—  (A) assurances that the eligibility requirements
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) STATE APPLICATIONS.—(1) A State that desires to receive a grant under this Act shall submit an application to the Federal Interagency Work Group in such form and containing such information as the Federal Interagency Work Group may reasonably require and which includes—  (A) assurances that the eligibility requirements under section 4 are or shall be met; and

- 1 (2) The Federal Interagency Work Group shall give
- 2 priority consideration to States that include in the State
- 3 interagency work group, nonprofit agencies, and private
- 4 profit agencies that have worked with disadvantaged chil-
- 5 dren and their families.
- 6 (b) LOCAL APPLICATIONS.—A local entity that de-
- 7 sires to receive a grant under this Act shall submit an
- 8 application to the State interagency work group in such
- 9 form and containing such information as the State may
- 10 reasonably require and which includes—
- 11 (A) assurances that the eligibility requirements
- under section 5 are or shall be met; and
- (B) specifications regarding the targeted areas,
- goals of the community, interim progress goals and
- the intended outcomes.
- 16 SEC. 7. GRANT LIMITATIONS.
- 17 (a) STATE LIMITATION.—A State interagency group
- 18 that receives funds under this Act may not use more than
- 19 \$100,000 or not more than 3 percent, whichever is less,
- 20 of such funds for administrative and staff costs to estab-
- 21 lish an interagency work group. The balance of such funds
- 22 shall be distributed to local entities.
- 23 (b) LOCAL LIMITATION.—A local educational agency
- 24 that receives funds under this Act may not use more than
- 25 5 percent of such funds for administrative and staff costs

to establish an interagency work group and not more than \$200,000 per site. SEC. 8. PROGRAM ACTIVITIES. 4 (a) IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS.—A local entity that receives funds under this Act shall develop or expand programs that are designed to improve educational performance by— 8 (1) reducing school dropout rates; (2) reducing teenage pregnancy rates; 9 (3) increasing the number of students who re-10 11 turn to school after dropping out; 12 (4) improving access to primary health care for 13 families and their children; 14 (5) increasing adult/family literacy; or (6) reducing the number of children in unsuper-15 vised settings before and after school, holidays, and 16 17 during the summer months. 18 (b) OPTIONAL ACTIVITIES.—A local entity that receives funds under this Act may develop a variety of pro-19 grams to serve the comprehensive needs of students, including— 21 22 (1) job training and employment services; 23 (2) homework assistance and after school pro-24 grams; (3) mental health and family counseling; 25

- 1 (4) nutrition education and services;
- 2 (5) health care services;
- 3 (6) bilingual education programs;
- 4 (7) parental training programs; and
- 5 (8) adult literacy programs.

#### 6 SEC. 9. REPORTS.

- 7 (a) LOCAL REPORTS.—A local interagency work
- 8 group that receives funds under this Act shall submit to
- 9 the State interagency work group an annual report that
- 10 describes and evaluates the services provided, including
- 11 costs and benefits of services, including progress toward
- 12 meeting goals and revised objectives.
- 13 (b) STATE REPORTS.—A State interagency work
- 14 group that receives funds under this Act shall submit to
- 15 the Federal Interagency Work Group a report not later
- 16 than the end of the second calendar year during which
- 17 funds are received that evaluates the effectiveness of local
- 18 programs in developing and maintaining integrated serv-
- 19 ices for at-risk children.
- 20 (c) Federal Reports.—The Federal Interagency
- 21 Work Group that receives funds under this Act shall sub-
- 22 mit to the Congress a report not later than three years
- 23 after the date of the enactment of this Act that includes
- 24 a detailed analysis of student outcomes (such as dropout
- 25 rates, academic performance, and usage of drug and alco-

- 1 hol) and systems outcomes (effectiveness of cooperative
- 2 agreements between education and service agencies).

### 3 SEC. 10. DEFINITIONS.

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- 4 For purposes of this Act—
- (1) the term "at-risk children" means individ-5 uals from birth to 18 years of age, who attend a 6 public school where 75 percent or more (for elemen-7 tary) and 60 percent or more (for secondary) of the 8 9 students are eligible for the free and reduced price 10 lunch program, or are Native Americans attending 11 schools where the student population is composed of 12 a majority of Native Americans;
  - (2) the term "local entity" means a local educational agency and a community-based organization as defined in section 1471 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; and
- 17 (3) the term "State" has the same meaning as 18 such term in section 1471 of the Elementary and 19 Secondary Education Act of 1965.

#### 20 SEC. 11. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- There are authorized to be appropriated \$72,000,000
- 22 for each of the fiscal years 1994, 1995, and 1996 to carry
- 23 out the programs under this Act.